Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Please

1. (Currently Amended) A method for ablating tissue in or around the heart comprising:

needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at its distal end, <u>the needle electrode assembly comprising a proximal tubing and distal tubing</u>, wherein the proximal tubing is more flexible than the distal tubing, the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> being in a retracted position within the distal end of the catheter:

introducing a distal end of the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> into the tissue, including moving the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> from its retracted position within the distal end of the catheter to an extended position outside the distal end of the catheter;

infusing into the tissue an electrically-conductive fluid through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode assembly while in the extended position; and

ablating the tissue after and/or during introduction of the fluid into the tissue, whereby the fluid conducts ablation energy within the tissue to create a larger lesion than would be created without the introduction of the fluid.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the tissue is ablated using the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u>.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 2, wherein radio frequency energy is delivered to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> for the ablation.

- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the tissue is ablated using a tip electrode on the distal end of the catheter.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein a portion of the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> that is introduced into the tissue has an insulating coating.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 5, wherein the insulating coating is over a portion of the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> that is in contact with the endocardial surface of the tissue being ablated.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>distal tubing</u> of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> comprises nitinol.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>distal tubing</u> of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is introduced to a depth ranging from about 2 to about 30 mm.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>distal tubing</u> of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is introduced to a depth ranging from about 4 to about 10 mm.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>distal tubing</u> of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is introduced to a depth ranging from about 3 to about 20 mm.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the <u>distal tubing</u> of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is introduced to a depth ranging from about 5 to about 7 mm.

- 12. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> during ablation.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> before ablation.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> before and during ablation.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> comprises saline having a salt content ranging from about 0.3 to about 4 wt%.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> comprises saline having a salt content ranging from about 0.5 to about 3 wt%.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> comprises saline having a salt content ranging from about 0.9 to about 2.5 wt%.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> comprises saline having a salt content ranging from about 1.5 to about 2 wt%.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> comprises a radiographic contrast agent.

- 20. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 19, wherein the amount of contrast agent present in the fluid ranges from about 5 to about 50%.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 19, wherein the amount of contrast agent present in the fluid ranges from about 10 to about 30%.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 19, wherein the amount of contrast agent present in the fluid ranges from about 10 to about 20%.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a rate ranging from about 0.3 to about 5 ml/min.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a rate ranging from about 0.3 to about 3 ml/min.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a rate ranging from about 0.8 to about 2.5 ml/min.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fluid is infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a rate ranging from about 1 to about 2 ml/min.

- 27. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein radiofrequency energy is introduced to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a power of up to about 70 watts.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein radiofrequency energy is introduced to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a power ranging from about 20 to about 50 watts.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein radiofrequency energy is introduced to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> at a power ranging from about 30 to about 40 watts.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein radiofrequency energy is introduced to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> for at least about 15 seconds.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein radiofrequency energy is introduced to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> for at least about 30 seconds.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein radiofrequency energy is introduced to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> for at least about 60 seconds.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 2, further comprising burning a surface lesion with a tip electrode on the catheter, wherein the surface lesion is burned at the endocardial surface of the tissue ablated with the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u>.

- 34. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising taking an impedance measurement using the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> before, during and/or after introduction of the distal end of the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> into the tissue.
- 35. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 34, further comprising adjusting the flow rate of the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u>, an amount of power delivered to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u>, and/or the time over which the fluid is infused and/or the power delivered in response to the impedance measurement.
- 36. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising measuring the temperature of the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> during ablation.
- 37. (Currently Amended) The method according according to claim 36, further comprising adjusting the flow rate of the fluid infused through the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u>, an amount of power delivered to the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u>, and/or the time over which the fluid is infused and/or the power delivered in response to the temperature measurement.
- 38. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 37, wherein the <u>distal</u> tubing of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is maintained at a temperature ranging from about 35 to about 90°C.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 37, wherein the <u>distal</u> tubing of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is maintained at a temperature ranging from about 45 to about 80°C.

- 40. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 37, wherein the <u>distal</u> tubing of the needle electrode <u>assembly</u> is maintained at a temperature ranging from about 55 to about 70°C.
- 41. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising measuring electrical activity using the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> before and/or after ablation.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising pacing using the <u>distal tubing of the</u> needle electrode <u>assembly</u> before and/or after ablation.
 - 43. (Canceled).